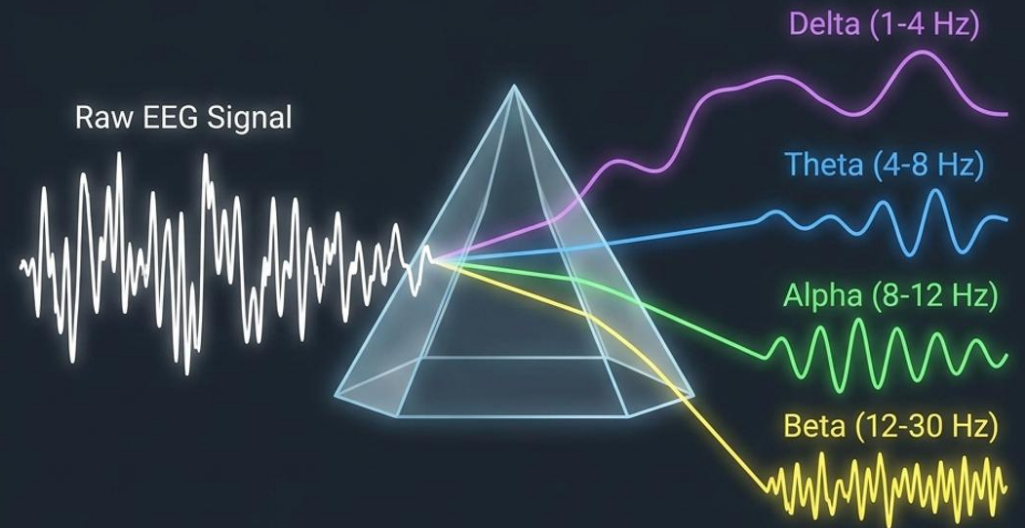
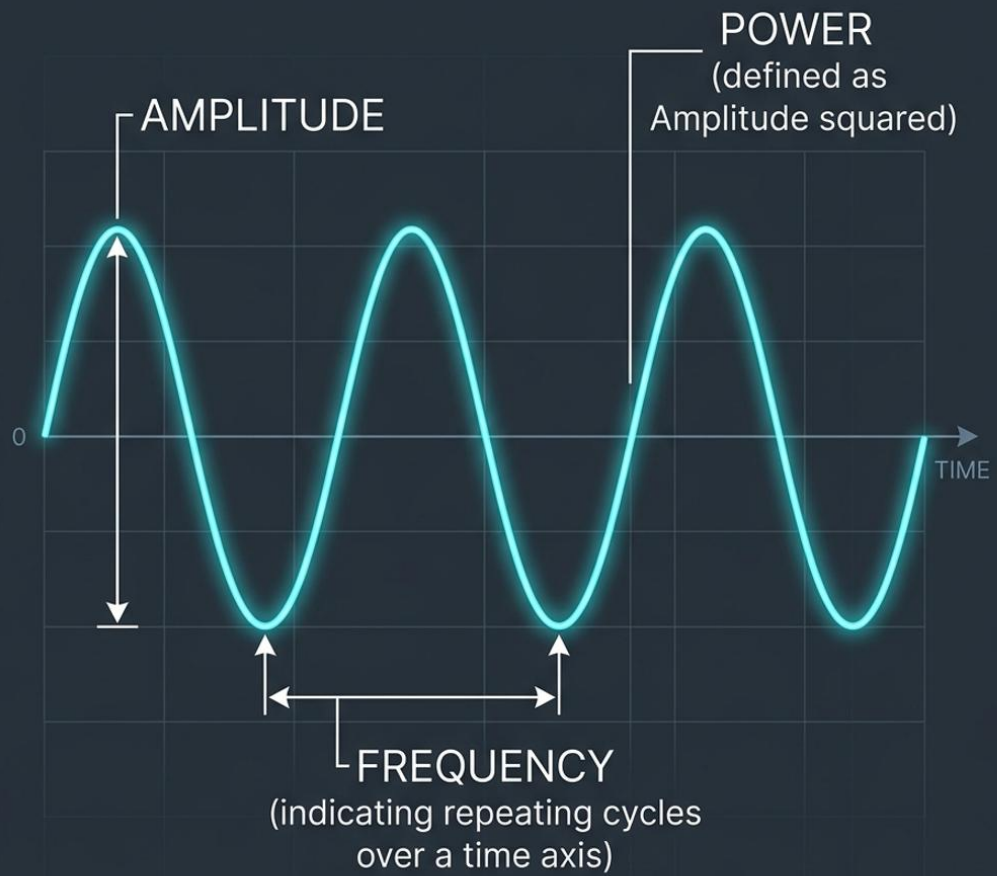
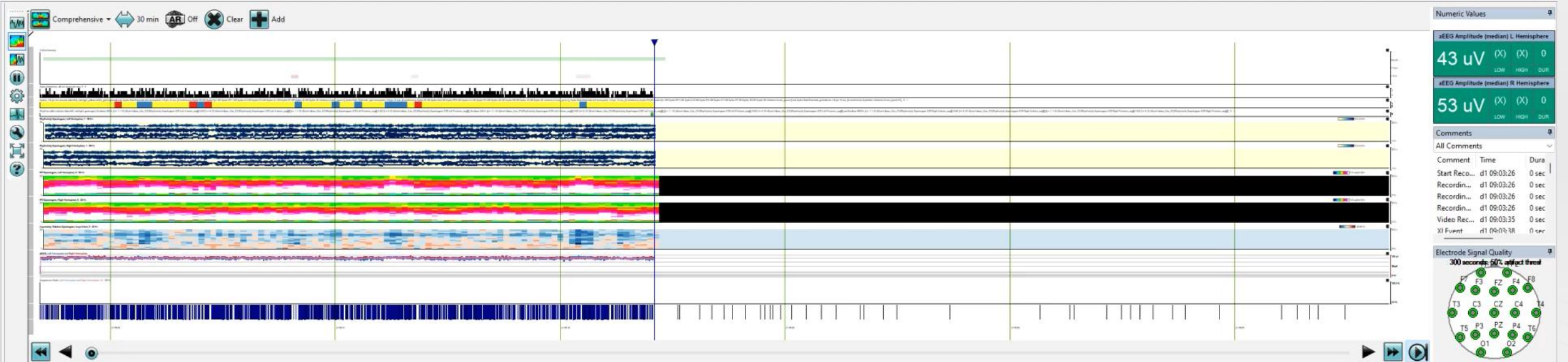
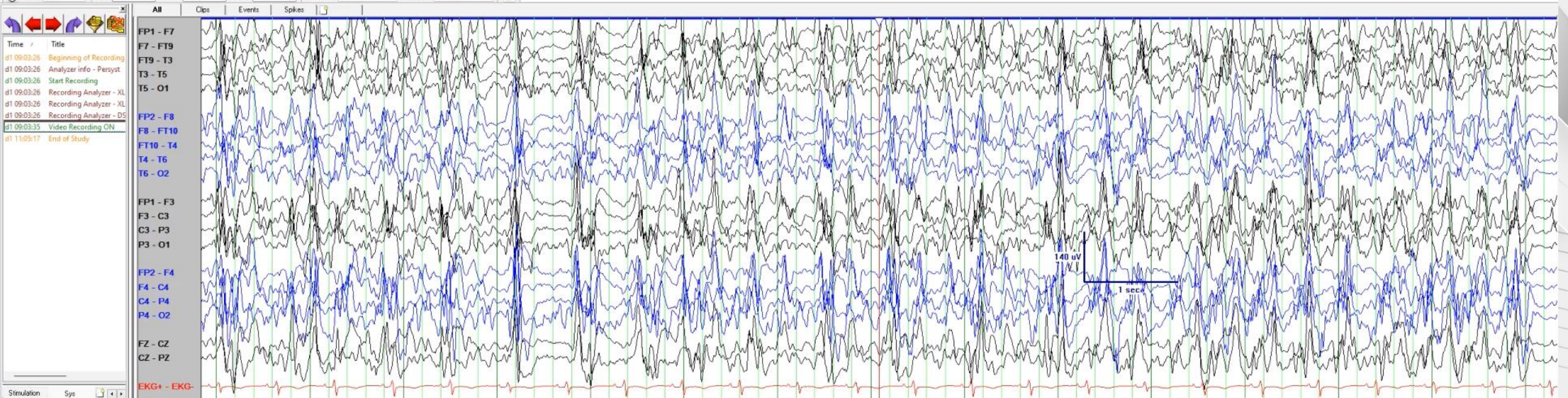




EST 30th ANNIVERSARY ANNUAL MEETING





Numeric Values

EEG Amplitude (median) L Hemisphere
43 uV (X) (X) 0
LOW HIGH DUR

EEG Amplitude (median) R Hemisphere
53 uV (X) (X) 0
LOW HIGH DUR

Comments

All Comments

Comment	Time	Dura
Start Reco...	d1 09:03:26	0 sec
Recordin...	d1 09:03:26	0 sec
Recordin...	d1 09:03:26	0 sec
Recordin...	d1 09:03:26	0 sec
Video Rec...	d1 09:03:35	0 sec
X1 Event	d1 09:03:38	0 sec

Electrode Signal Quality

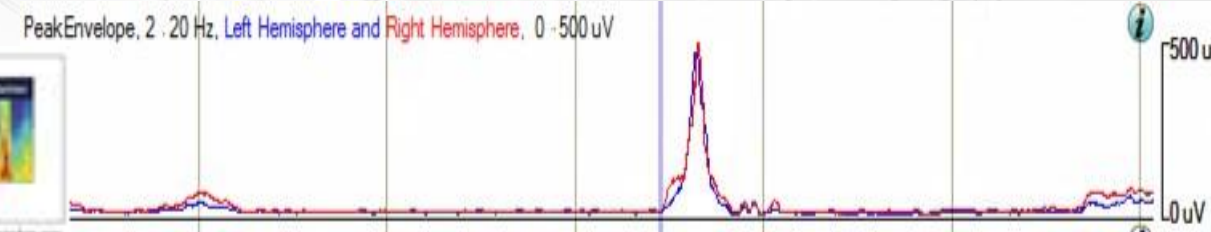
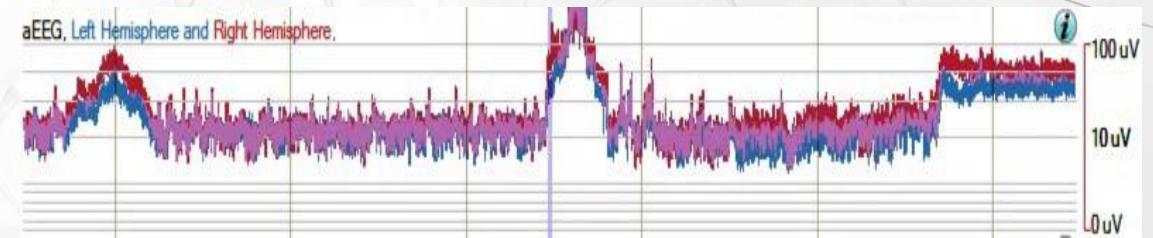
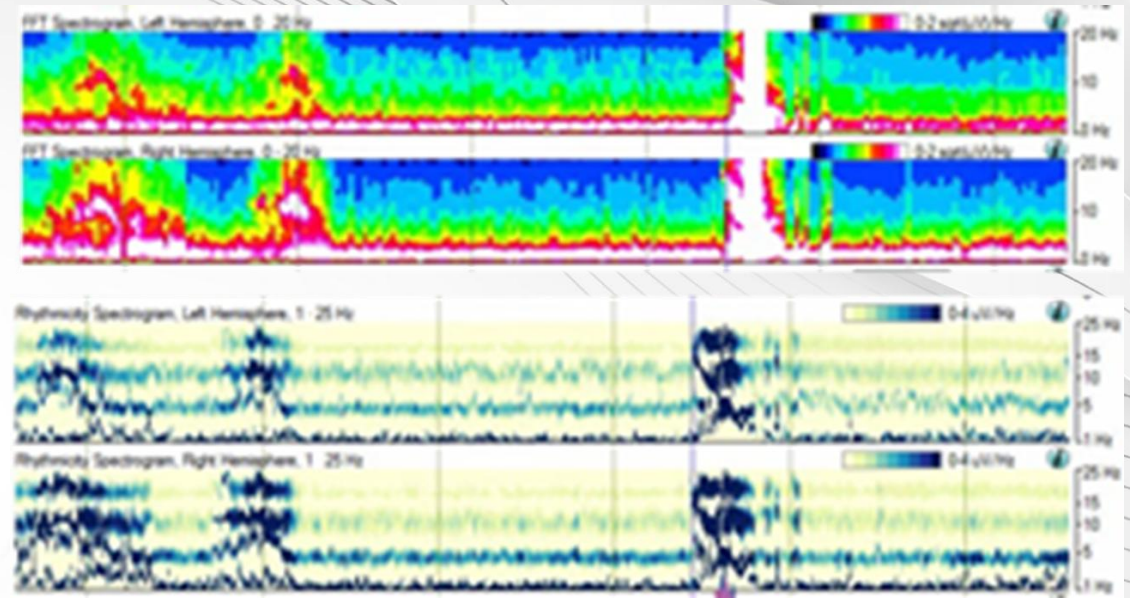
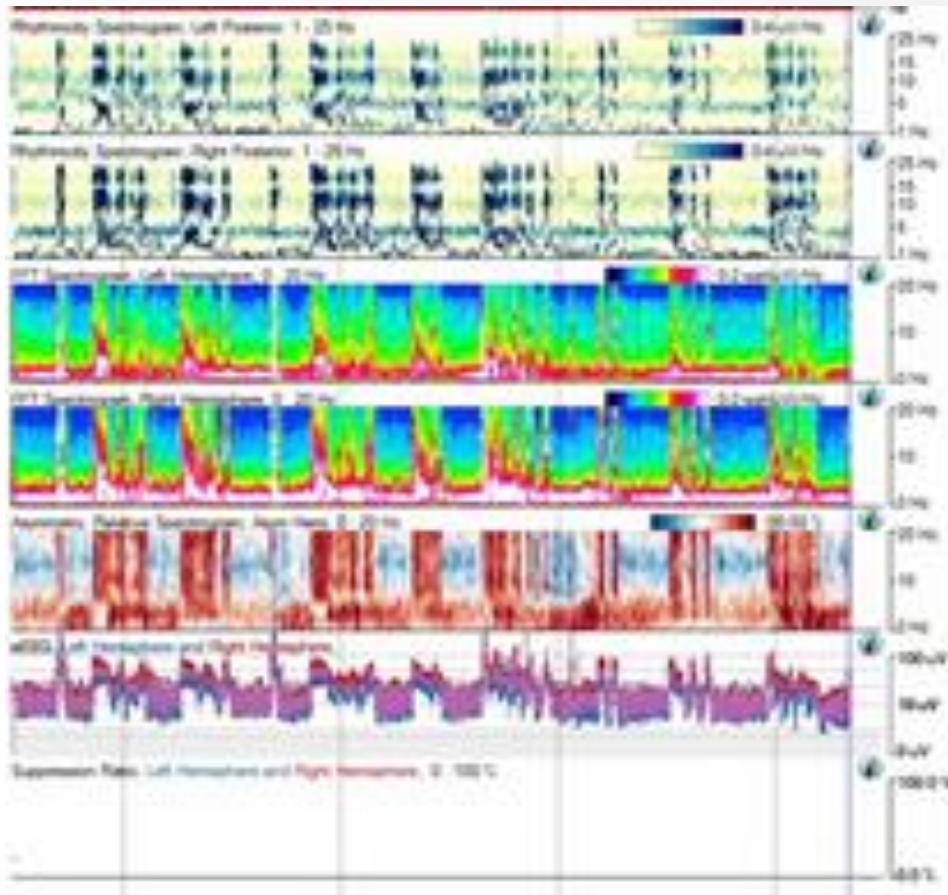


FIGURE 1.17 Suppressed Spectrogram duration 1 hour, sliding window size 1-4 seconds, temporal resolution 10-1 second.

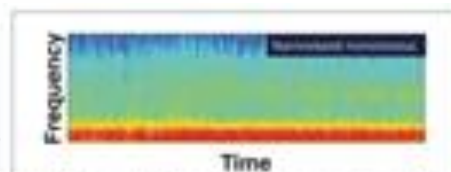


FIGURE 1.18 Normalized autonomic (NMA) Spectrogram duration 1 hour, sliding window size 1-4 seconds, temporal resolution 10-1 second.

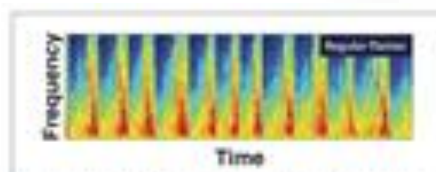


FIGURE 1.19 Regular Raster Spectrogram duration 1 hour, sliding window size 1-4 seconds, temporal resolution 10-1 second.

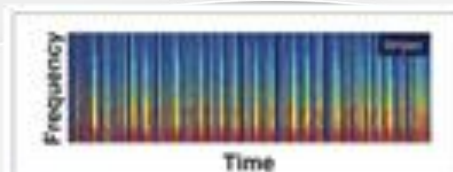


FIGURE 1.20 Before Spectrogram duration 1 hour, sliding window size 1-4 seconds, temporal resolution 10-1 second.

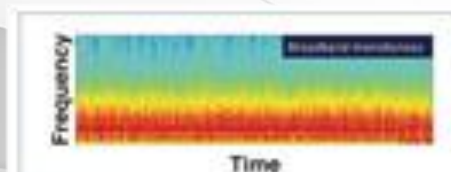


FIGURE 1.21 Broadband autonomic (BMA) Spectrogram duration 1 hour, sliding window size 1-4 seconds, temporal resolution 10-1 second.

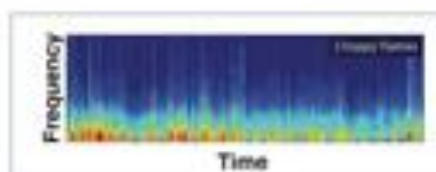


FIGURE 1.22 Chopsy Raster Spectrogram duration 1 hour, sliding window size 1-4 seconds, temporal resolution 10-1 second.

Category	qEEG Trend	Key Parameters & Visuals	Clinical Utility
Frequency	FFT / CDSA	Y-axis: Freq (0-20 Hz). Z-axis: Power color scale (warm/cool).	Background shifts; seizure 'flames'
Frequency	Rhythmicity	Autocorrelation-based. Yellow to Dark Blue (high rhythmicity).	Seizure detection & evolution tracking
Frequency	Alpha-Delta Ratio	Ratio of Alpha to Delta power. Left = Blue, Right = Red.	Symmetric vs. asymmetric ischemia detection
Frequency	Relative Alpha Var.	RAV cityscape (variable) vs. prairie (flat). Y-axis: 0-1.	DCI & vasospasm detection (SAH)
Asymmetry	Asymmetry Spect.	Hemispheric difference. Red = Right, Blue = Left, White = Sym.	Focal slowing, structural lesions, breach rhythm
Asymmetry	Asymmetry Indices	Green vector. Up = Right, Down = Left ('Right is Up').	Hemispheric power shift quantification
Amplitude	aEEG / Envelope	Semi-log Y-axis. Median filtering (Envelope).	Seizure peaks; suppressed background ranges
Amplitude	Suppression Ratio	Percent of EEG suppressed below voltage threshold.	Cardiac arrest prognostication; burst-suppression



Case 1: The Midnight Seizure Alert?

Clinical History & Presentation

Patient: 70-year-old man.

Admitted for coil embolization of an unruptured anterior communicating artery (Acomm) aneurysm.

Complications: Complicated by intraoperative rupture leading to intraventricular hemorrhage (IVH) and acute obstructive hydrocephalus.

cEEG ordered overnight for evaluation of persistently poor neurological exam.

The qEEG Dilemma

qEEG Trends show repeating, rhythmic, cyclic deviations across FFT, Rhythmicity, and Amplitude trends.

Differential Diagnosis on Trends:

Electrographic Status Epilepticus (looks like repeating seizures)

Cyclic alternating non-epileptiform pattern

Key Visual Difference: Deviations are less 'crisp' and lack the clear frequency/spatial evolution of Case





Case 2: Encephalopathy and Sparkling Visuals

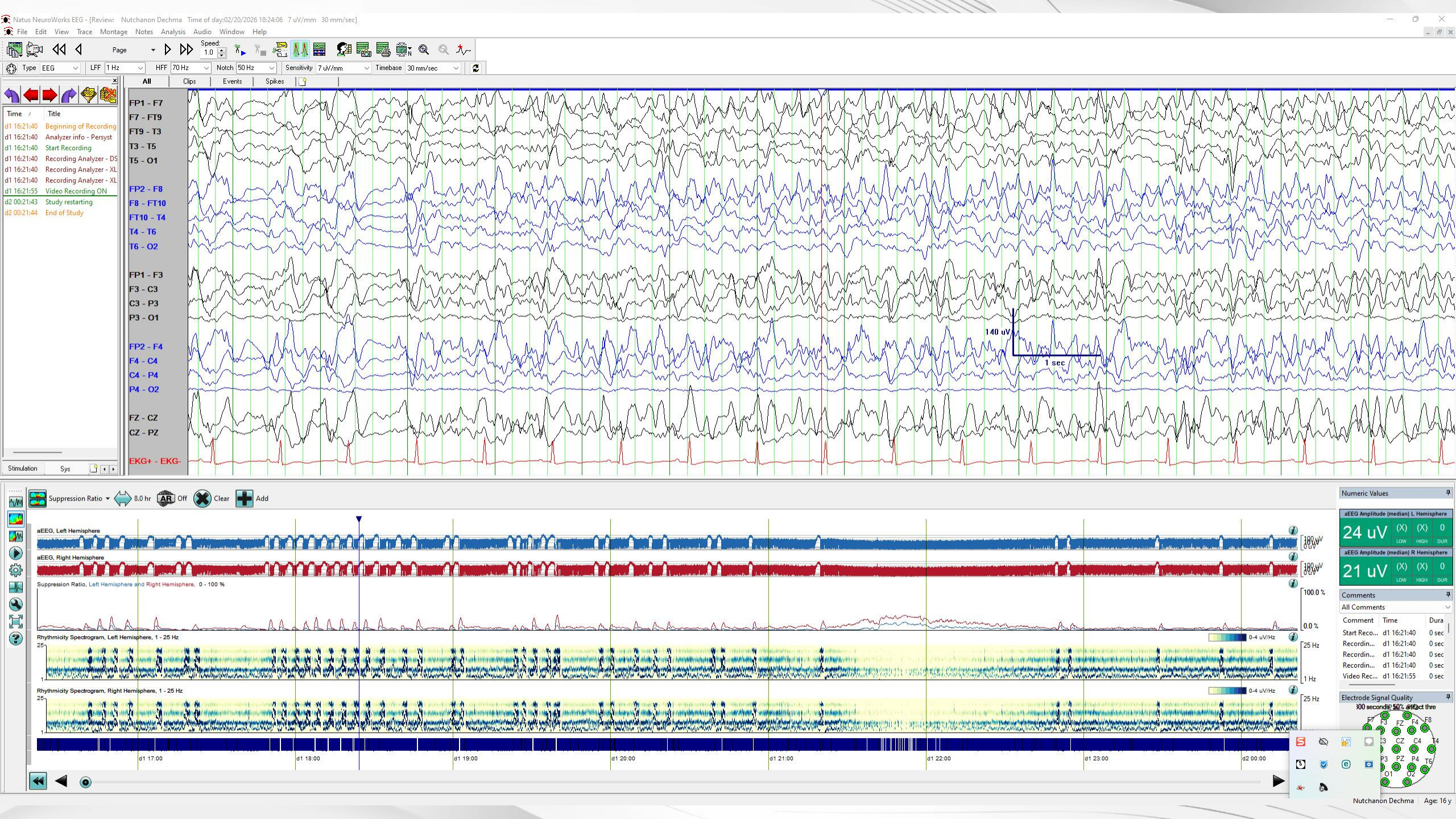
Clinical History & Presentation

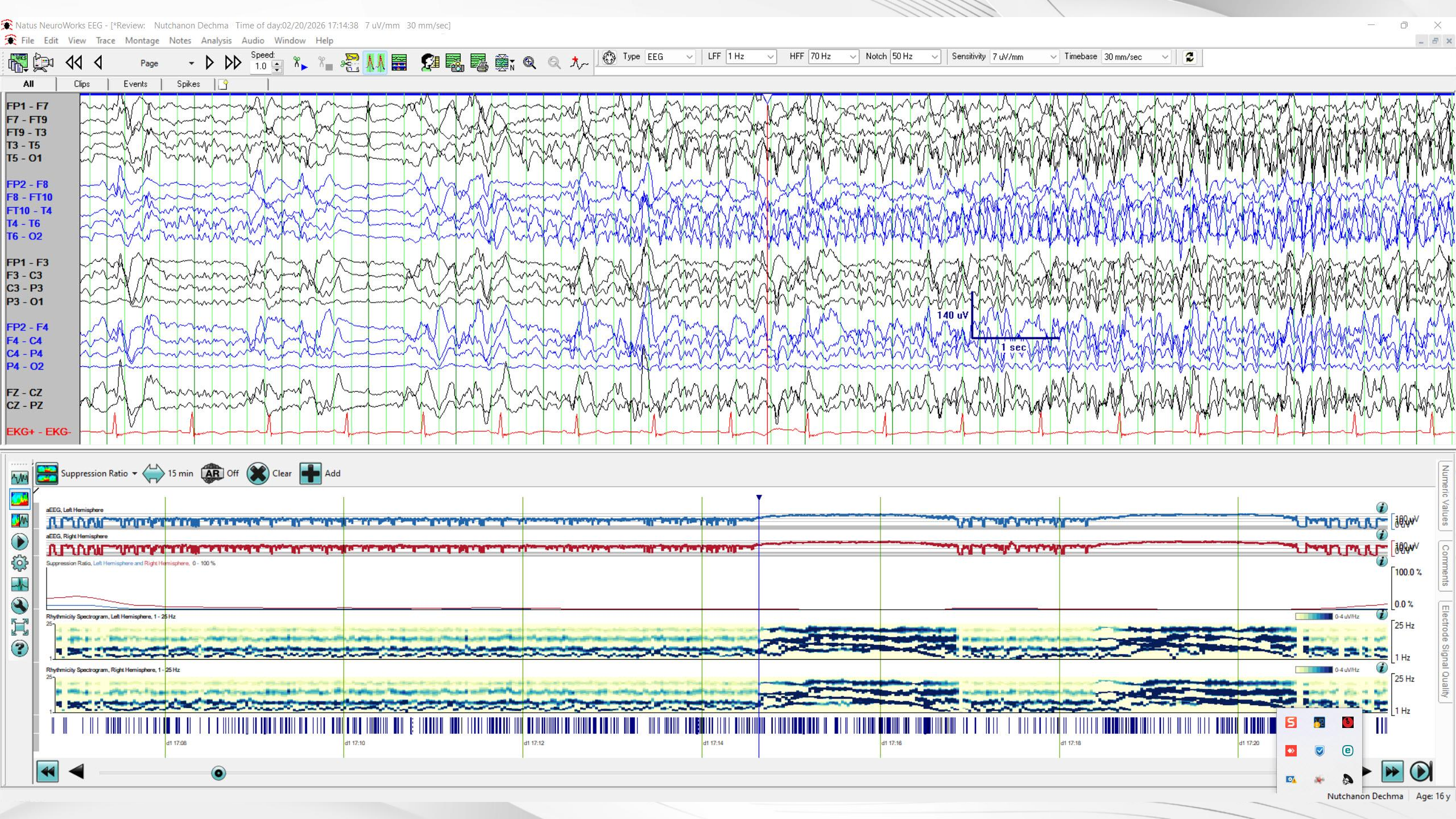
Patient: 25-year-old woman, history of drug-resistant focal epilepsy; missed several medication doses.

Presentation: Encephalopathic, fluctuating 'sparkles' in left visual field, progressing to left arm/leg clonic movements.

Post-Emergency Treatment: Received 1st and 2nd line anti-seizure agents. Clonic movements stopped, but remains deeply encephalopathic.

cEEG connected to evaluate for non-convulsive status epilepticus. First 20 minutes ready for review.







EST 30th ANNIVERSARY ANNUAL MEETING

CAPE Definition (ACNS 2021)

Cyclic Alternating Pattern of Encephalopathy:

Spontaneous, regular alternation between two distinct background patterns (which may include Rhythmic or Periodic Patterns [RPPs]).

Duration: Each pattern must last at least 10 seconds.

Repetition: Must alternate spontaneously for at least six cycles.

Clinical Features & Clinical Pitfalls

Pattern A: Lower amplitude theta/delta encephalopathic background.

Pattern B: Higher amplitude delta slowing with overriding faster frequencies.

Common Etiologies: Subarachnoid hemorrhage, IVH, toxic-metabolic encephalopathy (e.g., uremia - where the FFT deviations look like literal 'capes').

The Seizure Mimic Pitfall: Because it alternates regularly, it looks like status on trends. However, it is non-epileptiform. Treating CAPE with anesthetics leads to dangerous over-sedation, hypotension, and delayed awakening.



Case 2: *EST* 30th ANNIVERSARY ANNUAL MEETING

Clinical History

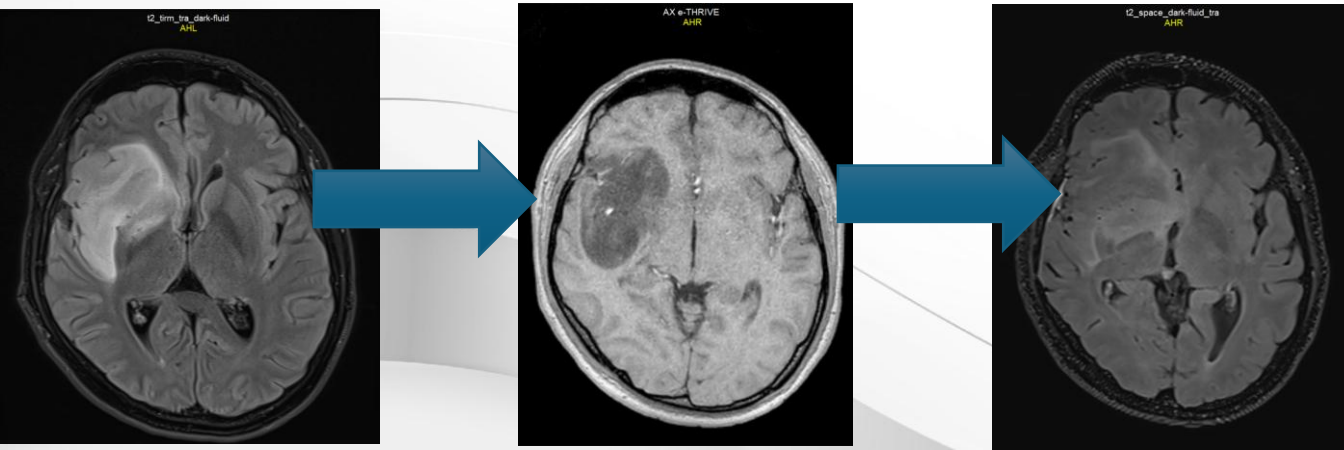
30-year-old man with recurrent right temporo-insular astrocytoma and focal epilepsy

Initially presented with focal seizures characterized by epigastric aura and impaired awareness Underwent three tumor resections, lost to follow-up for two years

MRI in June 2026 demonstrated marked tumor progression, with multiple enhancing right fronto-insular lesions and extension across the midline into the left anterior temporal region

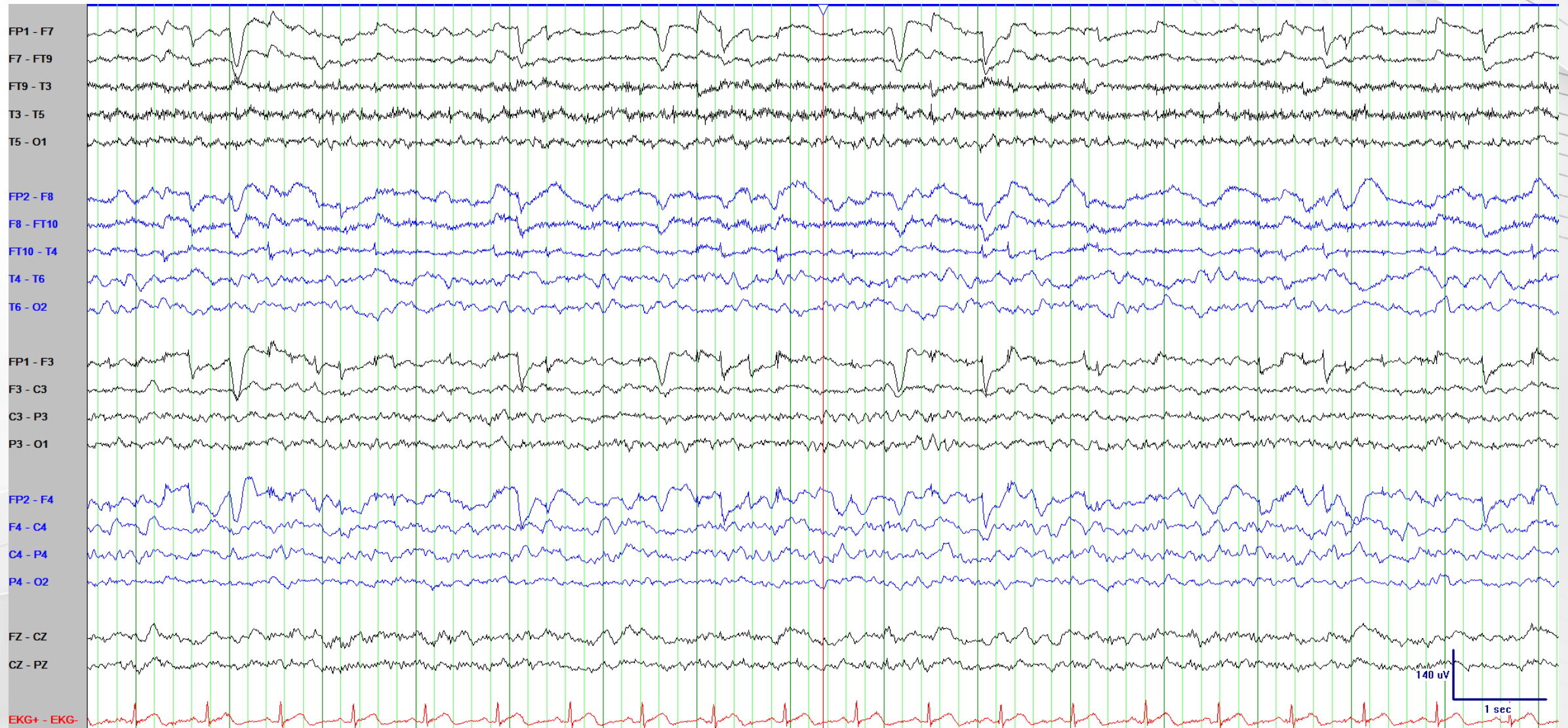
Electrophysiological Challenge

Developed worsening neurological deficits and increased seizure activity after surgery
Continuous EEG (cEEG) monitoring was initiated to detect subclinical seizures and guide further management





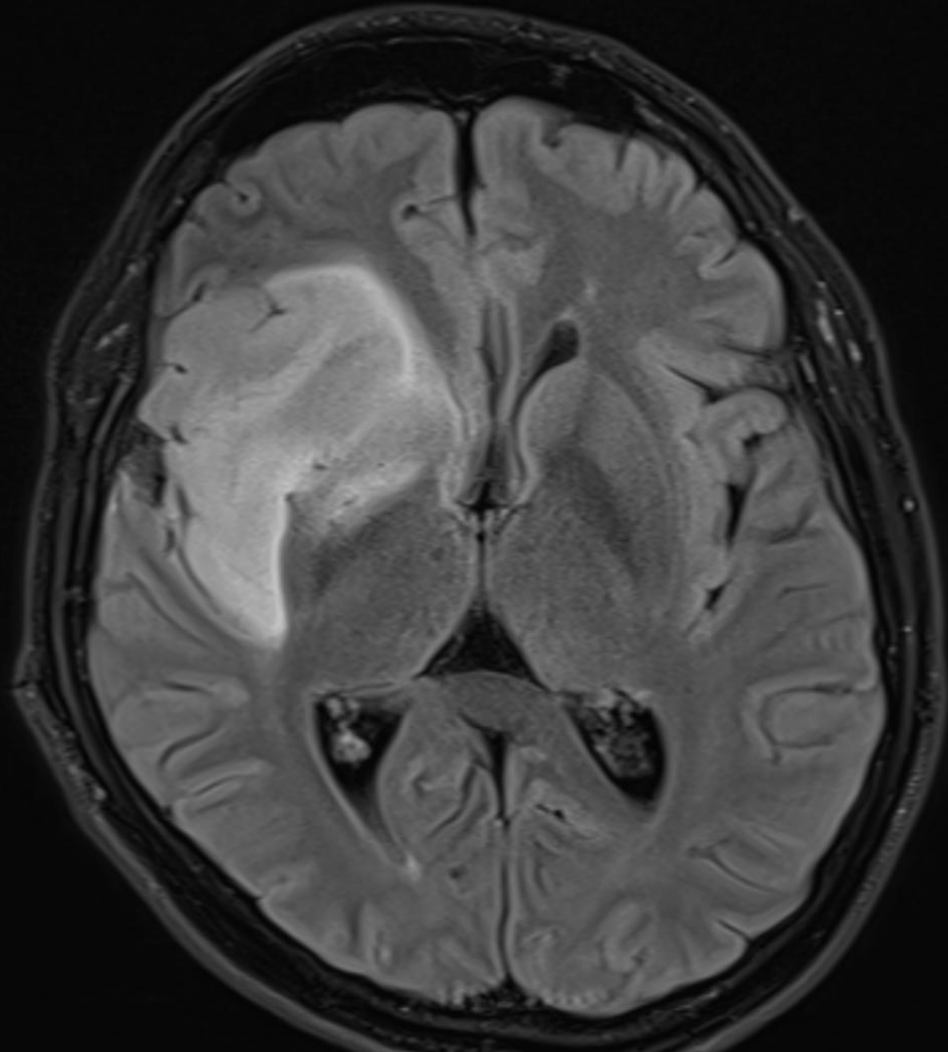
EST 30th ANNIVERSARY ANNUAL MEETING



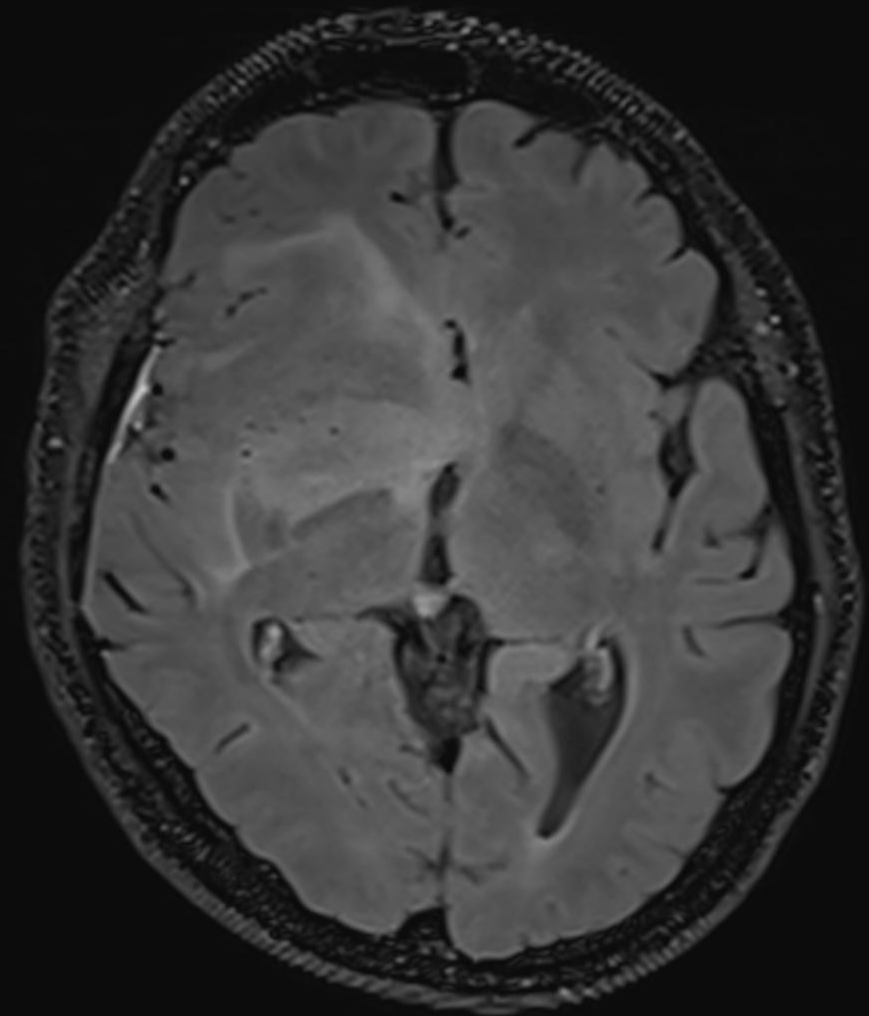


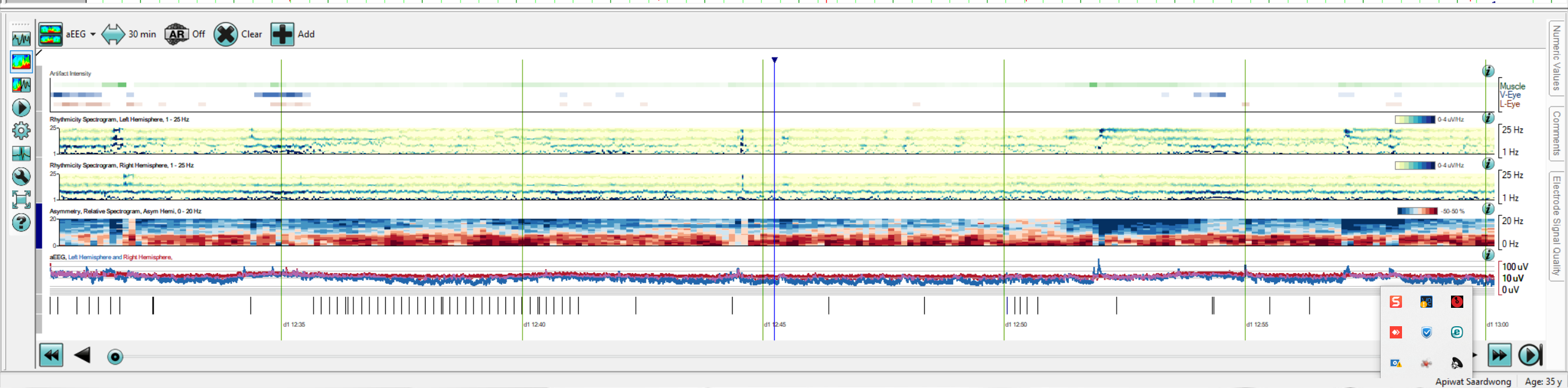
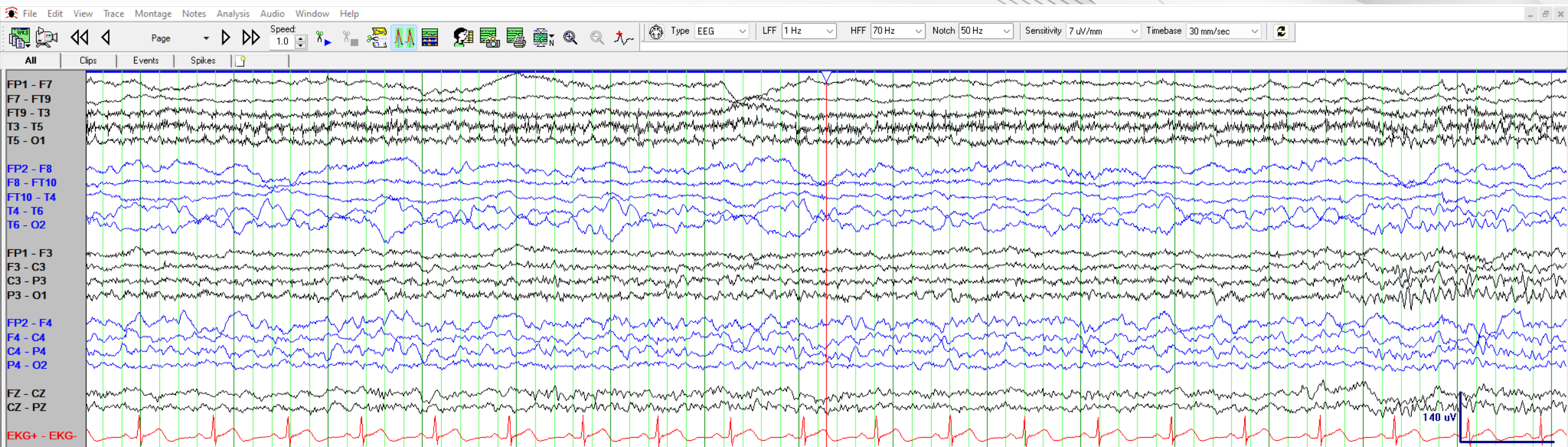
EST 30th ANNIVERSARY
ANNUAL MEETING

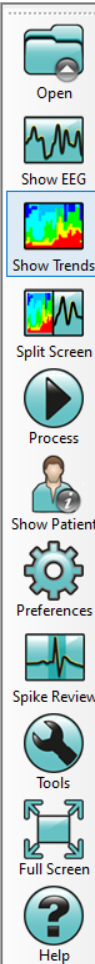
t2_tirm_tra_dark-fluid
AHL



t2_space_dark-fluid_tra
AHR







Asymmetry 15 min AR Off Clear Add

Asymmetry, Relative Index (REASI), 0 - 5 Hz, Asym Hemi, -35 - 35 %

Asymmetry, Relative Index (REASI), 6 - 14 Hz, Asym Hemi, -35 - 35 %

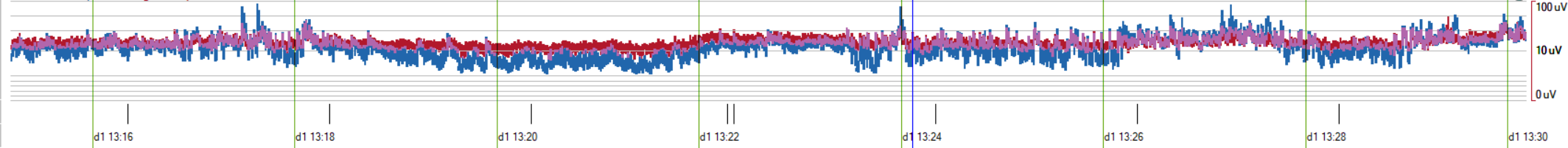
Asymmetry, Relative Spectrogram, Asym Anterior, 0 - 20 Hz

Asymmetry, Relative Spectrogram, Asym Posterior, 0 - 20 Hz

Asymmetry, Relative Spectrogram, Asym Temporal, 0 - 20 Hz

Asymmetry, Relative Spectrogram, Asym Parasagittal, 0 - 20 Hz

aEEG, Left Hemisphere and Right Hemisphere,



Numeric Values

aEEG Amplitude (median) L Hemisphere

16 uV	(X)	(X)	0
	LOW	HIGH	DUR

aEEG Amplitude (median) R Hemisphere

16 uV	(X)	(X)	0
	LOW	HIGH	DUR

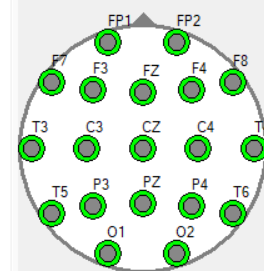
Comments

All Comments

Comment	Time	Dura
Start Reco...	d1 12:30:11	0 sec
Recordin...	d1 12:30:11	0 sec
Recordin...	d1 12:30:11	0 sec
Recordin...	d1 12:30:11	0 sec
Video Rec...	d1 12:30:11	0 sec
Saardwon...	d1 12:30:20	0 sec
Eyes Open	d1 12:30:44	0 sec
Cont.slow...	d1 12:30:59	0 sec
Eyes Closed	d1 12:31:11	0 sec
C3 test	d1 12:31:26	0 sec
T4 test	d1 12:31:38	0 sec
PDR 9-10	d1 12:32:19	0 sec
Saardwon...	d1 12:32:20	0 sec
Saardwon...	d1 12:34:21	0 sec

Electrode Signal Quality

Last 300 seconds, 50% artifact threshold





Case 4: Neuroprognostication after Cardiac Arrest

Case Outline: Post-Cardiac Arrest

Patients: Two patients, admitted following out-of-hospital cardiac arrest. Connected to cEEG as part of post-arrest monitoring.

Clinical Outcome: Both patients eventually developed progressive cerebral edema, herniated, and died.

Research Window: Retrospective review of qEEG trends during the hours preceding clinical herniation.

qEEG Timeline vs. Clinical Herniation

Patient 1:

qEEG Changes (14:00 Day 1): Drop in high/low frequency power, loss of rhythmicity, rising suppression ratio, and asymmetry shift to Left hemisphere.

Clinical Sign (08:00 Day 2): Loss of pupillary light reflex (PLR), right pupil first. Lead time: 20 hours.

Patient 2:

qEEG Changes (14:00): Dropout of power in FFT across all frequencies, rising suppression ratio, and declining aEEG amplitude.

Clinical Sign (20:00): Loss of pupillary light reflex. Lead time: 6 hours.

Clinical Insight: qEEG trends can act as a continuous early warning system for progressive edema, preceding clinical signs by hours.



EST 30th ANNIVERSARY ANNUAL MEETING

